

Lumley, who had been attainted of treason for rebellion against Henry IV. in 1409, and whose attainder was reversed in 1461, in favour of Thomas de Lumley, his grandson. However, George, son and heir of John de Lumley, who held the barony in the reign of Henry VIII., having been engaged in the insurrection which took place in the north of England in 1536, in consequence of the suppression of monastic establishments, he was, with several other persons of

The old church, dedicated to St. Mary, was built of flint and stone, and consisted of a nave and chancel, a tower at the west end, and a south aisle, opening at the east end into a chapel, erected by Richard Bray in 1529, and which became his burial-place in 1559. In 1847-8 the church was rebuilt in the Early English style. The old tower, which has been left standing, is handsome in appearance, being made of black and white stones disposed in squares; it is of the Perpendicular



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rank, executed and attainted; and though his son was restored in blood by Act of Parliament in 1547, and admitted to the dignity of a baron, it was with limitation to his heirs male; consequently Dr. Lloyd, being descended from a sister of that nobleman, could have no legal claim to that title, and his petition was rejected." Dr. Lloyd subsequently became Rector of St. Paul's, Covent Garden, and died without issue in 1730, leaving the estates, subject to his sister's life interest in it, to Lord John Russell, afterwards Duke of Bedford. About the middle of the last century the duke sold the manor of Ewell to Mr. Edward Northey, with whose descendants it has since continued.

style, but its features are concealed by a rich growth of ivy. The nave was pulled down when the new church was built. The new church consists of a chancel and nave (separated by a screen), aisles, and a square embattled tower at the west end. Several of the windows are filled with stained glass. Many of the monuments and tablets which were in the old church have been replaced in the new; among them are memorials of the Bulkeleys, Glyns, Lewens, and Reids, and also those of the families of the Calverleys, Monros, Dowdeswells, and others. There are also a few ancient brasses brought from the old church, together with a marble effigy of Sir William Lewen, formerly Lord Mayor of London, who died in 1717.