

TRINITARIANS, from the Latin word *Trinitas*, which denotes a three-fold unity in the Godhead.

SABELLIANS, from *Sabellius*, who lived in the third century, and held a *modal*, or nominal Trinity.

ARIANS, from *Arius*, a popular divine of Alexandria, who flourished about the year 315.

SOCINIANS, from *Faustus Socinus*, who died near Cracow, in Poland, about the year 1604.

II. According to their opinions respecting the means and measures of God's favour.

CALVINISTS, from *John Calvin*, a reformer, who flourished at Geneva, about 1600.

BAXTERIANS, from *Richard Baxter*, an eminent puritan, who died in the year 1691.

ANTINOMIANS, compounded of two Greek terms.

III. According to their opinion respecting church government, and the administration of ceremonies.

PAPISTS, from the Latin word for pope, *papa*, signifying a father, usually resident at Rome.

GREEK CHURCH, (chiefly Russian,) from their native language, which is the *Greek* tongue.

PROTESTANTS, from their solemnly *protesting* against a decree of Charles V. 1529.

EPISCOPALIANS, from *Episcopus*, the Latin term for bishop, inspector, or overseer, of a diocese.

DISSENTERS, from the Latin word *dissentio*, to disagree with, or dissent from, any person or body.

PRESBYTERIANS, from a Greek word, signifying elder, senior, or presbyter.

INDEPENDENTS, from the *independency* of each church in its own discipline or government.

BAPTISTS, from a Greek verb, signifying to baptize, dip, or immerse the body in water.

PÆDOBAPTISTS, from Greek words, signifying a baptizer of infants, by sprinkling or immersion.