

difficulties of the moment, however, are now fast disappearing; and it is to be hoped that the proceedings at Aix-la-Chapelle will secure the tranquillity of Europe.

As the frequent mention of our sovereigns occurs in the course of the preceding history; and as the dates, families, and pretensions of those individuals cannot fail to interest; we think we cannot give a more acceptable and useful conclusion to this portion of our Work than a CHRONOLOGY OF ENGLISH KINGS, since the time that this country became united under one monarchy, in the person of Egbert, who subdued the other princes of the Saxon Heptarchy, and gave the name of *Angleland* to this part of the island, the Saxons and the Angles having about four centuries before invaded and subdued the ancient Britons, whom they drove into Wales and Cornwall. The Chronology follows:

Began to

| Reign. | | |
|--------|---|---------------------|
| 800 | Egbert. | } Saxon Princes. |
| 838 | Ethelwulf. | |
| 857 | Ethelbald. | |
| 860 | Ethelbert. | |
| 866 | Ethelred. | |
| 871 | Alfred the Great. | |
| 901 | Edward the Elder. | |
| 925 | Athelstan. | |
| 941 | Edmund. | |
| 946 | Edred. | |
| 955 | Edwy. | |
| 959 | Edgar. | |
| 975 | Edward the Martyr. | |
| 978 | Ethelred II. | |
| 1016 | Edmund II., or Ironside. | } Danish. |
| 1017 | Canute, King of Denmark. | |
| 1035 | Harold. | } Saxon. |
| 1039 | Hardicanute. | |
| 1041 | Edward the Confessor. | |
| 1065 | Harold. | |
| 1066 | William I., commonly, but erroneously, called "the Conqueror." He was Duke of Nor- mandy. | |